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THE South-Carolina Gazette.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick

From **Saturday**, APRIL 28, to **Saturday**, MAY 5, 1733.

LONDON, *Jan.* 16.

THIS Day his Majeſty went to the Houſe of Peers with the uſual Solemnity, when being ſeated on the Throne, he made the following moſt gracious Speech to both Houſes of Parliament.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

IT is a great Satisfaction to me that the preſent Situation of Affairs, both at Home and Abroad, makes it unneceſſary for Me to lay before you any other Reaſons for my calling you together at this Time, but the ordinary Diſpatch of the publick Buſineſs, and that I may have an Opportunity of receiving your Advice upon ſuch Affairs as may occur to you, and ſhall require the Care and Conſideration of Parliament.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons.

I will order the proper Officers to lay before you the Eſtimates for the Service of the current Year, and I make no doubt, but that you will, with the ſame Chearfulneſs, as I have always experienced in you, effectually raiſe ſuch Supplies, as you ſhall judge neceſſary for the Honour, Safety, and Defence of the Kingdom; and I cannot but recommend it to you as a Conſideration worthy the Commons of *Great Britain*, that in all your Deliberations, as well upon raiſing the annual Supplies, as the Diſtribution of the publick Revenues, you purſue in ſuch Meaſures, as will moſt conduce to the preſent and future Eaſe of thoſe you repreſent.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

You muſt be ſenſible, that it is very deſirable to give all poſſible Diſpatch to the publick Buſineſs, and that nothing can give more Weight and Credit to all your Reſolutions, than to avoid unreaſonable Heats and Animoſities, and not to ſuffer yourſelves to be diverted by any ſpecious Pretences from ſteddaſtly purſuing the true Intereſt of your Country: Let that be your firſt and principal Care, and the People will be ſenſible of the Benefits they ſhall receive from your Wiſdom and Reſolution in preferring their Eaſe and the publick Good to all other Conſiderations.

Jan. 17. The Right Hon. the Houſe of Peers preſented their Addreſs of Thanks to his Majeſty, for his ſaid Speech; to which his Majeſty returned the following moſt gracious Anſwer:

MY LORDS,

I Thank you for this Dutiful and Loyal Addreſs. As the Eaſe of my People and the publick Good have been my chief Care and Concern, the Zeal that you ſhew for promoting of them cannot but be very acceptable to me, and will moſt effectually recommend you to my Favour and Protection.

Jan. 18. The Hon. the Houſe of Commons preſented their humble Addreſs to his Majeſty on the ſame Occaſion; to which his Majeſty returned the following moſt gracious Anſwer:

GENTLEMEN,

I Return you my Thanks for theſe Dutiful Aſſurances of your Zeal and Affection for me: And I make no Doubt, but that your Reſolutions to purſue ſuch Meaſures, as will moſt conduce to the Eaſe and Intereſt of all my Subjects, will as effectually recommend You to the good Opinion and Eſteem of my People as they are acceptable to me.

At a general Meeting of the Tobacconiſts of London at the Rummer Tavern in Queen-ſtreet, it was unanimouſly Reſolved, To act in Concert with the Committe appointed by the

the Citizens, Merchants, and Traders in London, and by all juſt and lawful Means oppoſe any new Exciſe, or Extenſion of the Exciſe Laws, under whatever Name or Pretence it may be attempted. And a Committee was appointed for that Purpoſe.

Letters from Norwich adviſed, that the Traders in Tobacco, of that City, had wrote circular Letters to their Members, and alſo to thoſe of the County, and the ſeveral Boroughs therein, earneſtly requeſting them to oppoſe the turning the Duty on Tobacco, *&c.* into an Exciſe.

At a Meeting of a great Number of *Hamburgh* and *Holland* Merchants, and Linnen-Drapers of this City, it was unanimouſly reſolved, as far as lies in their Power, to uſe the moſt dutiful and lawful Means they can, by themſelves and Friends, ſtrenuouſly to oppoſe any new Exciſe, or any Extenſion of the Exciſe Laws, under any Denomination whatſoever; and a Committee was appointed for that Purpoſe.

A Meſſenger arrived at Whitehall, from Mr. Keene, the Britiſh Miniſter at the Court of Spain, with Advice, that his Catholick Majeſty had condeſcended to enlarge the Term for the Commiſſaries appointed to adjuſt the Differences between the two Nations, with Reſpect to the Depredations of the Spaniards upon the Ships and Effects of the Britiſh Merchants, for three Years longer.

On Monday the Seſſions ended at the Old Bailey, when the 6 following Perſons receiv'd Sentence of Death, *viz.* Thomas Banks, for breaking open the Houſe of Thomas Kemp, and ſtealing thence ſeveral Goods: Samuel Thomas for the Murder of his Wife; Alex. Emerton, for robbing Mr. Holder, a Victualer, of ſeveral Goods in a Deal-Box, Value 20l. John Akers, John Welton, and Wm. Booth, for robbing Mr. Harvey, Gentleman to Col. *Schutz*, in Albemarl Street, of one Guinea, and ſome Silver. Thirty were caſt for Tranſportation, and two burnt in the Hand.

Jan. 29. Of the 16 Malefactors, whereof 6 were condemned laſt Seſſions, and the other 10 the two Seſſions before, 12 were this Day executed at Tyburn. Catherine Saunders, John Booker, John Jenkins, and Wm. Roberts, were repriev'd for Tranſportation.

Dr. Butts, Dean of Norwich, is made Biſhop of Norwich in the room of the late Dr. Baker, Deceaſed.

The Lord Cathcart is appointed one of the Lords of the Bedchamber to his Majeſty, in the room of the Duke of Hamilton and Brandon.

Capt. Charles Windham is appointed Commander of the Falkſtone: And Capt. Charles Fanſhaw, Commander of the Roebuck; both ſixth Rates of 20 Guns.

Sir John Jennings, Knt. is appointed Rear Admiral of Great Britain and Commander in Chief of his Majeſty's Fleet, in the room of the Lord Viſcount Torrington.

The Rev. Mr. Tho. Ridgley, and the Rev. Mr. John Guyſe, two eminent Diſſenting Miniſters had lately the Degree of Doctors in Divinity conferred on them by the Univerſity of Aberdeen.

Sir Charles Wager hath kiſs'd the King's Hand, on his being appointed firſt Commiſſioner of the Admiralty, in the room of the late Lord Torrington. At the ſame Time his Majeſty was pleaſed to appoint the ſaid Gentleman one of his moſt Hon. Privy Council.

Perſons of Note Died this Month.

The Rt. Hon. the Counteſs of *Clanriccard.*

The young Lord Conninsby, only Son of the Counteſs of Coningsby, by Sir Michael Newton, Knight of the Bath.

Mr. Charles Snell, the moſt eminent and ingenious Writing-Maſter and Accomptant of his Time, or that ever this Nation produc'd.

The Rev. Mr. Rob. Orme, who had been a Nonjuring Clergyman ever ſince the Revolution.

The Rt. Hon. the Viſcounteſs Dowager Morriſon.

Dr. Mandeville, Author of *The Fable of the Bees*, and ſeveral other Pieces.

Dr. James Campbell, Phyſician in Ordinary to his Majeſty in Scotland.

The Rt. Hon. Thomas Lord Foley, Fellow of the Royal Society, created Lord Foley of Kidderminſter in the County of Worceſter, Dec. 31, 1711, in the 10th Year of the Reign of Queen Anne.

Her Grace the Dutcheſs Dowager of Rutland in an advanced Age.

The Lord Binning, Son of the Earl of Haddington, at Naples.

The Lady Katherine Hay, Daughter to George Earl of Kinnoul.

The Rev. Mr. Woolſton, Author of the Diſcourſes on our Saviour's Miracles, in the 66th Year of his Age: About 4 or 5 Minutes before he died, he is ſaid to have uttered theſe Words, *This is the Struggle which all Men muſt go thro', and which I bear not only with Patience but Willingneſs.*

Feb. 1. Chriſtened Males 209, Females 198, in all 407. Buried Males 729, Females 859, in all 1588. Increaſed in the Burials

rials this Week 805. The Weekly Bills have not been ſo high ſince the great Sickneſs in 1665.

From the GRUB-STREET JOURNAL, *Feb.* 15, 1732.

THE humble Remonſtrance *of the Ladies in and about the Cities of* London *and* Weſtminſter, *in behalf of themſelves, and all the Female Bodies corporate in* Great Britain, *plainly laying open the many great Inconveniencies to which their Boroughs in particular will be ſubject, from any further Extenſion of the Laws of Exciſe.*

We the wives, widows, and ſpinſters, of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and the ſuburbs thereof, being greatly alarmed at the rumour of a general exciſe, intended to be laid on all commodities, beg leave, with great humility to remonſtrate, that we ſhall labour under very great inconveniencies, & even impoſſibilities, unleſs our particulars are excepted.

I. By the laws of exciſe we ſhall be obliged to make an entry of the houſe & place, where our commodities are kept; ſo that our chambers will ſcarce ever be free from the viſits of the officers, whenever they think convenient to make a rummage.

II. To keep books of accounts of all tranſactions is altogether impracticable, particularly to thoſe who can't write.

III. If we are obliged to take out Permits, whenever we have occaſion to remove our commodities from one place to another, it will be attended with the greateſt difficulties imaginable; and it will be found very troubleſome, hindering the diſpatch of buſineſs, by reaſon, that chapmen muſt go often away unſerved, Permits not being at all times to be obtained.

IV. That if our veſſels are to be gauged, and in a proper manner, it is humbly preſumed, that there would not be found a ſufficient number of perſons equal to ſo great a work, unleſs the ſtanding army were diſbanded; which is a point not to be inſiſted on, by reaſon of the great uneaſineſs it would create among his majeſty's ſubjects.

V. We humbly conceive that the inſtruments made uſe of in the preſent method of gauging, would be by no means ſuitable to our veſſels: ſo that there would be a neceſſity for intire new tools, which muſt put the government to very great expence, a matter carefully to be avoided.

VI. We have very good reaſon to believe, from mature conſideration, and a ſtrict examination among ourſelves, that the inſtruments of the officers would be often ſo very much damaged, if not intirely ſpoiled, that the government's expence in repairing them, would amount to as much as the money ariſing from this new impoſition.

VII. We apprehend, with great terror, that it may be very much in the power of wicked and evil officers wilfully to ruin us, by having at the end of their dipping-rods ſomething that may very much hurt, if not intirely ſpoil our veſſels, and occaſion continual leakage; a caſe that has happened to others, and may probably fall upon us, not having it in our power to refuſe an entry.

VIII. The ſtatutes now in force againſt adulterating theſe commodities, lay ſuch heavy penalties upon the adulterer, that it may be preſumed none will be found hardy enough to break thro' ſuch wholeſome laws; eſpecially when they conſider the ſeveral terrible examples that have happened of late years.

IX. We humbly conceive, that the chief deſign of the intended extention of the exciſe, is to prevent the running of the commodities aforeſaid; which may be intirely done by ſuppreſſing the hawkers, who infeſt the ſtreets, night and day, impudently offering their damaged ware to every one, to the great detriment of the fair trader.

Therefore we humbly hope, as the honour, dignity, and intereſt of this nation, depends on the uſe of our commodities, that every member will vigorouſly and ſtrongly oppoſe any thing that may tend to our diſadvantage.

CHARLESTOWN, *May* 5.

On Sunday laſt arrived (in Capt. *Allen* from *London*) in good Health, *Joſeph Wragg*, Eſq; one of his Majeſty's Hon. Council of this Province, with his Lady.

The ſame Night, a Lamp-black-houſe, on the Green, was conſumed by Fire, without any further Damage.

On Monday arrived here two Indian Traders, one from the *Cherokees*, and the other from the *Creeks*, who report, that the *Cherokees* and *Creeks* are at War with each other, and that each ſide had brought in ſix Scalps the Day before their Departure.

On Tueſday laſt, between 4 and 5 o' Clock in the Afternoon, a great Storm of Hail fell in St. *John's* Pariſh, the like not being known before in this Province; ſome of the Hail-Stones being as big as Pullet's Eggs, and did conſiderable Damage to the Fruits of the Earth.

In the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, April 14, 1733. A. M.

May it pleaſe your Excellency and Honours.

IT is with the utmoſt Concern that we acquaint your Excellency and Honours, that *Robert Wright*, Eſq; Chief Juſtice of this Province, hath lately invaded and violated the known Privileges of this Houſe, by granting two Writs upon an Action of Debt, one at the Suit of *James Greeme*, the other at the Suit of *Rowland Vaughan*, againſt *John Brown*, Meſſenger of this Houſe; and by ſigning a Rule of Court to *Robert Hall*, Eſq; the Provoſt Marſhal, to make a Return in two Days of a Writ on an Action of Debt, at the Suit of *Thomas Cooper*, againſt the ſaid *Brown*, returnable the 2d Tueſday in *May*, contrary to Law, and the known Practice of the Court of *Common Pleas*.

For this Invaſion and Violation of our Privileges, we would have puniſhed the Chief Juſtice ſuitable to his Offence, but that he is a Member of his Majeſty's Honourable Council, and therefore under their Protection.

We are likewiſe ſurprized to hear, that a Paper, purporting a Speech of the ſaid Chief Juſtice in Council, is publiſhed this Morning, which tends to create a Miſunderſtanding between the two Houſes; at a Time when the moſt arduous Affairs of the Province are under their Conſideration, as well as to raiſe Sedition and Tumults among the People.

And now having, according to our Duty, repreſented to your Excellency and Honours, the miſchievous Behaviour of the Chief Juſtice, which we are of Opinion is calculated to hurt his Majeſty's Intereſt, by dividing his Majeſty's good People of *Carolina*: We doubt not but your Excellency and Honours will take ſuch Meaſures as ſhall fruſtrate his wicked Deſigns.

By Order of the Houſe,

May 4, 1733. I. Amyand, *C. D. C.*

Yeſterday arrived here, *James Ogletborpe*, Eſq; from *Georgia*. And we hear, that on Wedneſday laſt, a Ship arrived at *Port Royal*, with People for *Georgia*.

The ſame Day arrived Capt. *Paul* from *London*. As did alſo embarke for the ſaid Place, the Hon. *Francis Yong*, Eſq; and the Rev. Dr. *Herbert*.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, Charleſtown, *Entred in*,
Ship Hannah, George Allen, from London.
—— William Galley, Francis Baker, from Ditto.
Brigt. Betty's Hope, Edward Little, from Africa.
Ship Ruby Galley, Joſeph Arthur, from Philadelphia.

Entred out.

Brigt. Brogden, John Jones, for Liſbon.
—— Happy Return, George Medcalf, for Ditto.
Sloop Benjamin, Joſeph Hinſon, for Barbadoes.
Ship Molly, Samuel Cornock, for London.
—— Hannah, George Allen, for Ditto.
—— William Galley, Francis Baker, for Ditto.

Cleared for Departure.

Ship Renelow, Richard Croſs, to Topſham.

THIS is to give Notice to all thoſe who are willing to have the LAWS of this Seſſion of Aſſembly, to ſend in their Names to the *Printer hereof*, who intends to print them, provided he has a ſufficient Number of *Subſcribers*, to make it worth his While. N. B. *No more will be printed than is ſubſcribed for.*